

Django (and Web Application Frameworks)

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@LUGOD

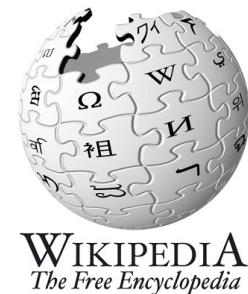
Web Application Frameworks



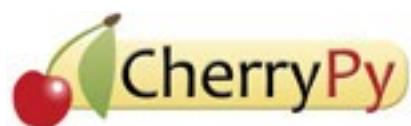
Definition

A web application framework is a software framework that is designed to support the development of dynamic websites, web applications and web services.

- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_application_framework



Options!



???



Installing Django

```
bash                                bash
lap ~/Dropbox/code >mkdir demo
lap ~/Dropbox/code >cd demo
lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >virtualenv --no-site-packages venv
New python executable in venv/bin/python
Installing setuptools.....done.
lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >./venv/bin/activate
-bash: ./venv/bin/activate: Permission denied
lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >source ./venv/bin/activate
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >which python
/Users/joelbremon/Dropbox/code/demo/venv/bin/python
```

Installing Django

The image shows a terminal window with two tabs, both titled "bash". The active tab contains the following text:

```
(venv) lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >vi env.sh

#!/bin/sh

export PYTHONPATH=$HOME/Dropbox/code/demo/venv/bin
[
```

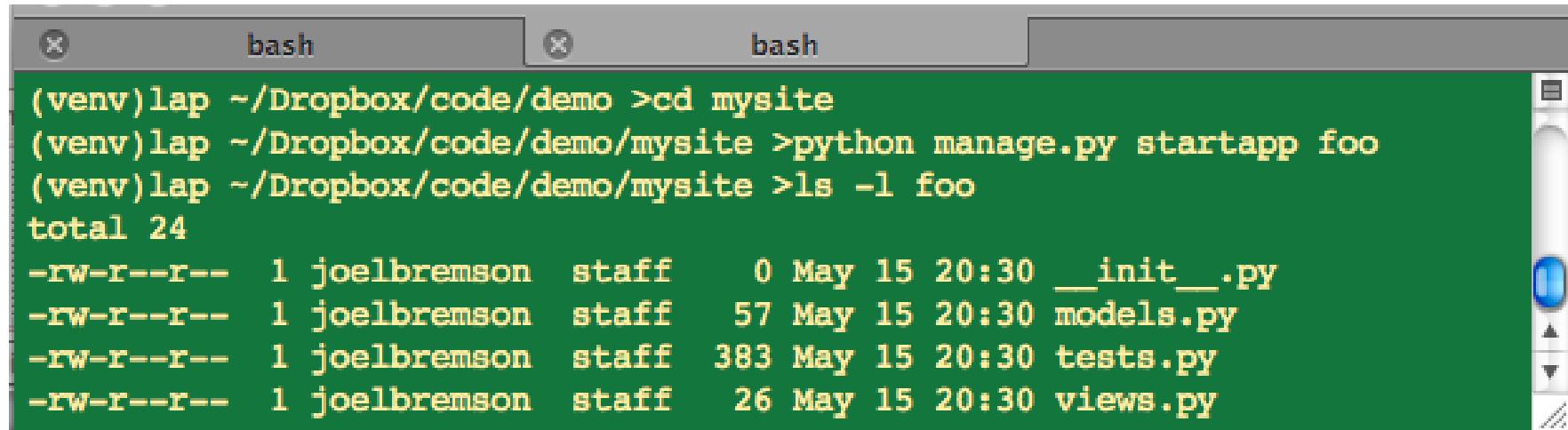
Installing Django

```
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >pip install django
Downloading/unpacking django
    Downloading Django-1.3.tar.gz (6.5Mb): 6.5Mb downloaded
    Running setup.py egg_info for package django
Installing collected packages: django
    Running setup.py install for django
        changing mode of build/scripts-2.6/django-admin.py from 644
        to 755
        changing mode of /Users/joelbremon/Dropbox/code/demo/venv/
bin/django-admin.py to 755
Successfully installed django
```

Installing Django

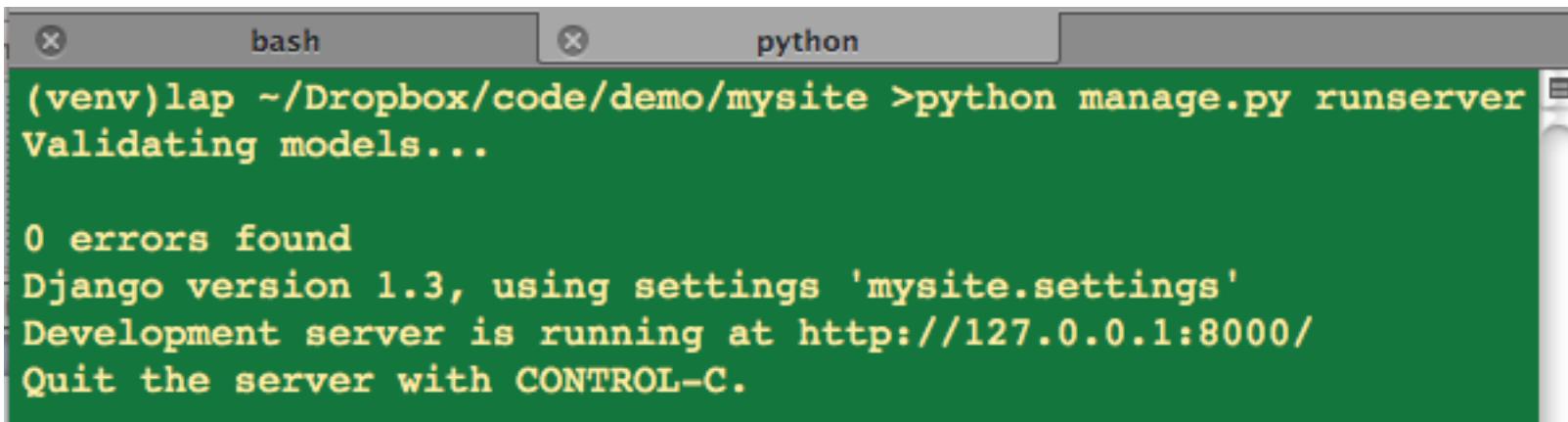
```
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >django-admin.py startproject mysite
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >ls
env.sh  mysite  venv
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >ls -l mysite
total 32
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff      0 May 15 20:26 __init__.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff    503 May 15 20:26 manage.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff   5031 May 15 20:26 settings.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff    565 May 15 20:26 urls.py
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >
```

Installing Django



```
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >cd mysite
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo/mysite >python manage.py startapp foo
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo/mysite >ls -l foo
total 24
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff      0 May 15 20:30 __init__.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff    57 May 15 20:30 models.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff   383 May 15 20:30 tests.py
-rw-r--r--  1 joelbremon  staff    26 May 15 20:30 views.py
```

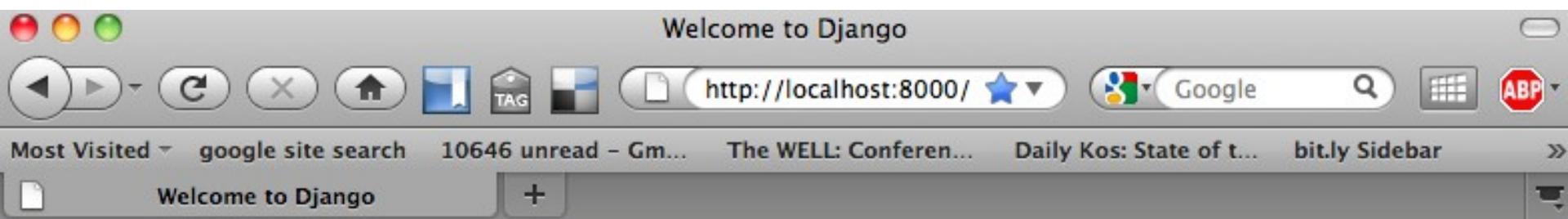
Installing Django



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "bash". The window contains the following text:

```
(venv)lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo/mysite >python manage.py runserver  
Validating models...  
  
0 errors found  
Django version 1.3, using settings 'mysite.settings'  
Development server is running at http://127.0.0.1:8000/  
Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
```

Installing Django



It worked!

Congratulations on your first Django-powered page.

Of course, you haven't actually done any work yet. Here's what to do next:

- If you plan to use a database, edit the `DATABASES` setting in `mysite/settings.py`.
- Start your first app by running `python mysite/manage.py startapp [appname]`.

You're seeing this message because you have `DEBUG = True` in your Django settings file and you haven't configured any URLs. Get to work!

settings.py

A screenshot of a code editor showing the `settings.py` file. The editor has tabs for `urls.py`, `settings.py`, `views.py`, and `models.py`. The `settings.py` tab is active. The code is color-coded, with syntax highlighting for variables like `ADMIN`, `MANAGERS`, and `DATABASES`. The code defines the database configuration for a Django application.

```
7 ADMIN = [
8     # ('Your Name', 'your_email@example.com'),
9 ]
10
11 MANAGERS = ADMIN
12
13 DATABASES = {
14     'default': {
15         'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.sqlite3', # Add 'postgresql_psycopg2', 'mysql', 'sqlite3' or 'oracle'.
16         'NAME': "%s/Dropbox/code/demo/foo.sqlite" % os.environ['HOME'],
17         'USER': '', # Not used with sqlite3.
18         'PASSWORD': '', # Not used with sqlite3.
19         'HOST': '', # Set to empty string for localhost. No
20         'PORT': ''}, # Set to empty string for default. Not
21     }
22 }
23
24 # Local time zone for this installation. Choices can be found here:
25 # http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_tz_zones_by_name
```

settings.py

The screenshot shows a code editor window with four tabs at the top: 'ls.py', 'settings.py', 'views.py', and 'models.py'. The 'settings.py' tab is active, indicated by a blue border. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    'django.contrib.auth',
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
    'django.contrib.sessions',
    'django.contrib.sites',
    'django.contrib.messages',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    'django.contrib.admin',
    'mysite.foo',
    # Uncomment the next line to enable the admin:
    # 'django.contrib.admin',
    # Uncomment the next line to enable admin documentation:
    # 'django.contrib.admindocs',
)
```

The code lists various Django application modules and a custom application module 'mysite.foo'. It includes two commented-out lines for enabling the Django admin interface and its documentation.

Django is Python

```
-> class Author:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
    def __repr__(self):  
        return "Author is %s" % self.name  
  
-> class Blog:  
    def __init__(self, author, title, text=None):  
        self.author = author  
        self.title = title  
        self.text = text  
  
    def __repr__(self):  
        return "%s\nBy %s\n\n%s" % (self.title, self.author.name, self.text)
```

Django is Python

```
lap ~/Dropbox/code/demo >python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Dec  6 2008, 16:42:21)
[GCC 4.0.1 (Apple Computer, Inc. build 5370)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> execfile("class.py")
>>> joel = Author("joel")
>>> blog = Blog(joel,"New Blog","Had eggs today.")
>>> blog
New Blog
By joel

Had eggs today.
>>> 
```

Python -> Django

```
from django.db import models

# Create your models here.

class Author(models.Model):

    name=models.CharField(max_length=40)

    def __unicode__(self):
        return "Author is %s" % self.name


class Blog(models.Model):

    author = models.ForeignKey(Author)
    title = models.CharField(max_length=80)
    text = models.TextField(max_length=500)

    def __unicode__(self):
        return "%s\nBy %s\n%s" % (self.title, self.author.name, self.text)
```

The Tools

- virtualenv
- pip
- fabric

Getting Help

- www.djangoproject.com
- stackoverflow.com
- www.python.org
- IRC - #django on freenode.net

Thanks

- Questions
- <http://autopiagame.com>
- jbremon@ucdavis.edu